

## Four special values of the (Klein) modular invariant $j$

Suppose that  $j$  is (correctly) normalized with  $j(i) = 1$ , then

$$\begin{aligned} & j\left(\frac{4(5i \pm 1)}{13}\right) = \\ &= \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{5})^{37}}{2^{39}} \left( 1190448488 - 858585699\sqrt{2} - 540309076\sqrt{5} + 374537880\sqrt{10} + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \pm i\sqrt{\sqrt{5}} \left( 693172512 - 595746414\sqrt{2} - 407357424\sqrt{5} + 240819696\sqrt{10} \right) \right)^3 \right), \\ & j\left(\frac{5(4i \pm 1)}{17}\right) = \\ &= \left( \frac{(1 - \sqrt{5})^{37}}{2^{39}} \left( 1190448488 + 858585699\sqrt{2} - 540309076\sqrt{5} - 374537880\sqrt{10} + \right. \right. \\ & \quad \left. \left. \pm i\sqrt{\sqrt{5}} \left( 693172512 + 595746414\sqrt{2} - 407357424\sqrt{5} - 240819696\sqrt{10} \right) \right)^3 \right). \end{aligned}$$

These special values (along with other values) were derived in my article titled  
“On the Second Memoir of Évariste Galois’ Last Letter”